Base from USGS 1:250,000 topo series: KETCHIKAN, 1955; PRINCE RUPERT, 1959. ALASKA-CANADA.



SCALE 1:250000

CONTOUR INTERVAL 200 FEET DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL

CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS [Geologic map generalized from Berg and others (1978)] } QUATERNARY Qu } QUATERNARY AND TERTIARY QTv Tmp TERTIARY Eocene TERTIARY OR TKp J CRETACEOUS CRETACEOUS KJup Lower Cretaceous Supper Jurassic JURASSIC KJs KJv } JURASSIC OR TRIASSIC Jat Javs Upper Triassic TRIASSIC Tesv MESOZOIC OR MzPzp MzPzu J PALEOZOIC Middle and Upper Paleocene Pzs PALEOZOIC Pzv Pzp Silurian OLDER or Older Pzsv DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS UNCONSOLIDATED DEPOSITS, UNDIVIDED (Quaternary) VOLCANIC ROCKS (Quaternary and Tertiary) UNDIVIDED MIOCENE PLUTONIC ROCKS UNDIVIDED EOCENE PLUTONIC ROCKS GRAVINA ISLAND FORMATION AND UNNAMED CORRELATIVE ROCKS (Lower Cretaceous or Upper Jurassic)

Folio of the Ke

In the course of U.S.

cause of this and vari practice, analytical v possible to select a s

sults which are not su

Berg, H. C., Elliott, map of the Ketchi Geol. Survey oper

Grimes, D. J., and Mar nating-current sp semiquantitative Circ. 591, 6 p.

Koch, R. D., and Ellic Ketchikan quadrar file rept. 78-156

> _1978b, Analyses of Rupert quadrangle rept. 78-156B, 98

> _1978c, Analyses of southeastern Alas

Geol. Survey Representation of the PB-276-777].

Koch, R. D., Van Trump containing analy Ketchikan and Pr

Ward, F. N., Nakagawa Atomic-absorption U.S. Geol. Survey

METAMORPHOSED SEDIMENTARY AND VOLCANIC ROCKS (Silurian or older)

SYMBOLS

Contact. Approximately located; dotted where concealed

High-angle fault. Dashed where inferred; dotted where concealed

Thrust fault. Dashed where concealed, inferred, or assumed Sawteeth on upper plate

Metasedimentary rucks

FELSIC METAVOLCANIC ROCKS (Paleozoic or older)

PLUTONIC ROCKS, CHIEFLY TRONDHJEMITE (Silurian or older)

Metavolcanic rocks

KJv

Calculations based on 2430 analyses with a lower limit of det

Note
Reported values of 5 to 95 represent 5 ppm-wide class intervals and values of 100 or greater represent 10 ppm-wide class intervals. Graph bars are plotted with a consistent width of 5, to maintain correspondence between area and number of samples.

MAP SHOWING ZINC DETERMINED BY ATOMIC ABSORPTION IN STREAM SEDIMENTS, KETCHIKAN AND PRINCE RUPERT QUADRANGLES, ALASKA

APPROXIMATE MEAN DECLINATION, 1955 Geology by H. Berg, R. Carten, J. Childs, A. Clark, W. Condon, M. Diggles, G. Dunne, R. Elliott, C. Holloway, J. Houghton, R. Koch, R. Miller, R. Rudser, J. Smith, B. Wiggins, 1966-1977